# Study on SCN<sup>-</sup> metal complexes by NEXAFS and resonant photoelectron spectroscopy

Nobuyuki MATSUBAYASHI<sup>\*1</sup>, Motoyasu IMAMURA<sup>1</sup>, Tomoaki TANAKA<sup>1</sup>, Hiromi IKEURA-SEKIGUCHI<sup>1</sup>, Hiromichi SHIMADA<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>National Institute of Advanced Industrial Science and Technology, Tsukuba, Ibaraki 305-8565, Japan

## Introduction

Thiocyanic ion is used as analytical reagent as well as reagent for various synthesis. Its peculiar chemical property is come from three heteroatoms form a linear molecule. To clarify the specific electronic state of SCN ion, NEXAFS spectra and resonant photoemission spectra (RPES) of the SCN in various salts on S L , N K, C K and the absorption edge of the metal were measured in this research.

### **Experimental**

All the experiments were done at the BL-13C with PHI 1600C. The photoelectron take-off angle was  $54.7^{\circ}$  relative to the surface normal. The laminar type gratings with a cylindrical surface of 50m-radius grooved 750 l/mm for N K-edge and 350 l/mm for C K-edge were used. The samples were dispersed on Au plate to avoid charging up.

#### **Results and discussion**

Figure 1 shows the changes in the valence-band photoemission spectra recorded by changing excitation energy near N K-edge of NaSCN with absorption spectra of the N K-edge by total electron yield. A large enhancement of auger spectra of N KVV with two peaks and one shoulder was observed at 399.6 eV corresponding to  $\pi^*$  transition. The valence peak at 7 eV is also enhanced at the energy. The peak energy did not change at the beginning of increase indicating contribution of photoelectron.

Figure 2 shows the changes in the valence-band photoemission spectra recorded by changing excitation energy near C K-edge of NaSCN with absorption spectra of the C K-edge by total electron yield. The C KVV auger spectra showed an enhanced peak at 287.2 eV corresponding to  $\pi^*$  transition followed an increasing peak corresponding to absorption at  $\sigma^*$  transition with an energy shift as a normal auger peak as increasing excitation energy. The valence peak at 9 eV is also enhanced at the energy. The net peak intensity of Na 2p at 32eV was not affected by resonant effect in both of N K-edge and C K-edge.

Slightly different valence-band photoemission spectra spectra on the absorption edges and metals were observed.

### **References**

[1] N.Matsubayashi, T. Tanaka, M. Imamura, H. Shimada, and T. Saito, *Analitical Sciences*, **17**, i119(2001).

\* n-matsubayashi@aist.go.jp

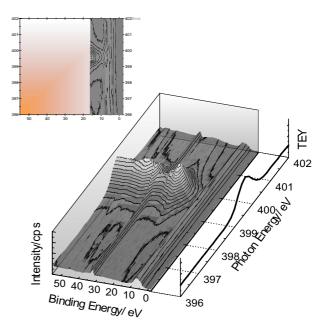
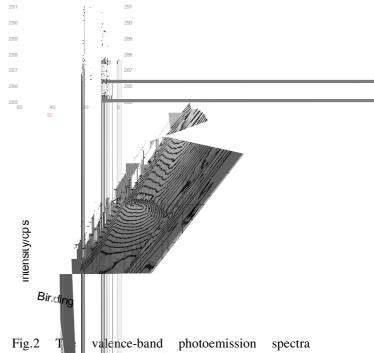


Fig. 1 The valence-band photoemission spectra recorded on N K-edge of NaSCN with absorption spectra of the N K-edge by total electron yield.



recorded n C K-edge of NaSCN with absorption spectra of the C K-edge by total electron yield.