

Effect of hydrogenation on the local structures around Ni and La in LaNi₅

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Introduction

The combination of the easy-hydride-forming element of La and the hard-hydride-forming element of Ni in LaNi₅ lowers the formation energy of hydride. Theoretical calculation using DV-X_α suggests that protium in LaNi₅ preferentially interacts with Ni rather than La[1]. Therefore, XAFS spectrum is expected to show that the Debye temperature of Ni will be strongly affected by hydrogenation. In the present work we measured XAFS of the La L-edge and Ni K-edge for LaNi₅ and LaNi₅H₆ at various temperatures from 20 to 300K. In this report the temperature dependences of $\chi(k)$ of the L₃ edge of La and K-edge of Ni only for LaNi₅ are reported.

Experiments

The Sample of LaNi₅ is prepared by arc melting. The sample of LaNi₅H₆ is prepared by hydriding LaNi₅ at 353K under 4.3 MPa H₂ gas. The structures of LaNi₅ and LaNi₅H₆ are confirmed by X-ray diffraction. Special attentions to the sample holder are paid to prevent desorption of hydrogen from LaNi₅H₆ sample during evacuation in the cooling process.

XAFS measurements of the La L₃ edge and Ni K-edge are done at temperatures of 20K, 100K, 200K and 300K using Si(111) monochromator. UWXAFS program is used for data analyses (AUTOBK) and XAFS calculation (FEFF).

Results and Discussion

$\chi(k)$ curves and their Fourier transforms of the La L₃ edge and Ni K-edge for LaNi₅ at various temperatures are shown in Figs. 1~4 together with the calculated one using FEFF. Though quantitative analysis is not accomplished yet, temperature dependence of radial structure function F(r) is more pronounced for La than Ni.

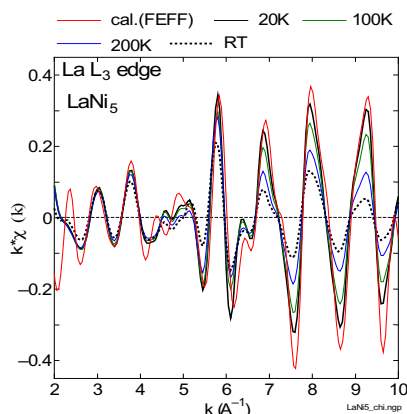


Fig. 1 $\chi(k)*k$ vs k curves of the La L₃ edge for LaNi₅ at various temperatures together with the calculated using FEFF

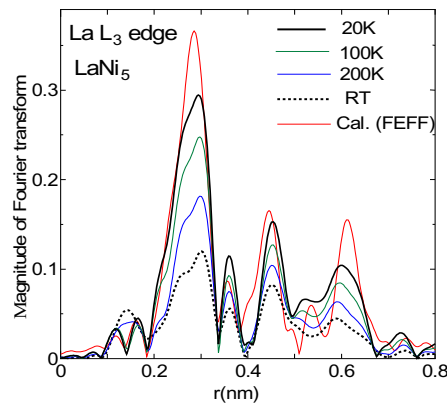


Fig.2 Fourier transforms of the $\chi(k)*k$ for LaNi₅ at various temperatures together with the calculated using FEFF

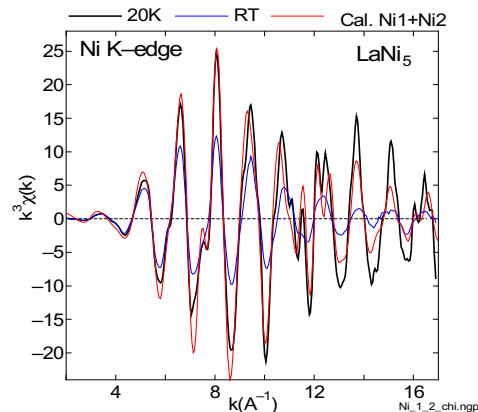


Fig.3 $\chi(k)*k^3$ curves of the Ni K-edge for LaNi₅ at 20K and RT together with the calculated using FEFF (T_{Debye} = 180 K)

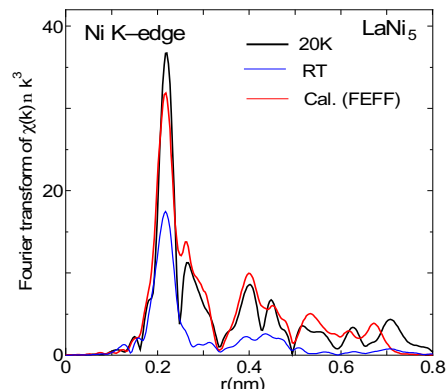


Fig. 4 Fourier transforms of $k^3 \chi(k)$ for the Ni K-edge of LaNi₅ at 20K and RT together with the calculated (FEFF)

The agreement with calculated results is fairly good except beyond 0.6nm. More precise analysis and the results for LaNi₅H₆ will be reported soon.

References

- [1] H. Yukawa et al., Intermetallics 4, S215 (1996).
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