

1 Experimental Proposals

1-1 Scientific Proposals

The Photon Factory accepts experimental proposals submitted by researchers mainly at universities and research institutes inside and outside Japan. The proposals are reviewed by the PF Program Advisory

Committee (PF-PAC), and those that are favorably recommended are accepted and formally approved by the Advisory Committee for the Institute of Materials Structure Science. The number of accepted proposals over the period 2000-2011 is shown in Table 1, where S1/S2, U, G, and P denote Special, Urgent, General and

Table 1 Number of proposals accepted for the period 1999-2011.

FY	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
S1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
S2	2	2	3	2	0	3	6	1	4	6	3	2
U	0	5	3	2	4	0	1	7	3	2	2	0
G	308	339	321	318	382	310	388	403	402	397	407	415
P	17	18	16	9	13	10	22	14	14	14	16	11

Table 2 List of S-type proposals effective in FY2011.

Proposal No.	Spokesperson	Title
2008S2-002	M. Ando Tokyo Univ. of Sci.	Basic study of high performance refraction-based X-ray imaging toward clinical and pathological application
2008S2-003	M. Oshima Univ. of Tokyo	Electronic structure analysis of new functional materials by high-resolution nano-spectroscopy
2008S2-004	Y. Wakabayashi KEK-PF	Structural materials science under magnetic fields — mainly on magnetic field induced phase transition —
2009S2-001	S. Adachi KEK-PF	Real-time structural dynamics studies for materials and biological sciences
2009S2-003	R. Kumai AIST	Structural study for the origin of phase transition in correlated electron system
2009S2-005	A. Fujimori Univ. of Tokyo	High-resolution ARPES of novel superconductors and related material
2009S2-006	T. Takeda Univ. of Tsukuba	Biomedical and material imaging using X-ray interferometer
2009S2-007	J. Yoshinobu Univ. of Tokyo	Electronic states and charge transfer dynamics of organic molecules on surfaces
2009S2-008	H. Nakao KEK-PF	Condensed matter studied by resonant soft/hard X-ray scattering
2010S2-001	K. Amemiya KEK-PF	Exploration of spintronics materials by soft X-ray polarization switching
2010S2-003	Y. Nagashima Tokyo Univ. of Sci.	Laser spectroscopy of positronium negative ions and its applications
2010S2-004	A. Nakao KEK-PF	Structural studies of molecular crystals under extreme conditions
2011S2-003	M. Oshima Univ. of Tokyo	Operando analysis of green nano-device structures by high-resolution electron spectroscopy
2011S2-005	T. Tsukihara Univ. of Hyogo	Target protein research program

Preliminary proposals, respectively. The number of current G-type proposals each year has been around 800 for the past few years. A full list of the proposals effective in FY2011 and their scientific output can be found in Part B of this volume.

S-type proposals are divided into two categories, S1 and S2. S1 proposals are self-contained projects of excellent scientific quality, and include projects such as the construction and improvement of beamlines and experimental stations which will be available for general users after the completion of the project. S2 proposals are superior-grade projects that require the full use of synchrotron radiation or a large amount of beam time. Table 2 lists the S-type projects effective in FY2011. The current status and results to date of S1 and S2 proposals must be reported at the PF Symposium held at the end of every Japanese fiscal year. The scientific output of S1 and S2 proposals is presented in the Highlights of Part A and in the Users' Reports of Part B of this volume.

Proposals are categorized into five scientific disciplines, and reviewed by the five subcommittees of PF-PAC: 1) electronic structure, 2) structural science, 3) chemistry and new materials, 4) life science I (protein crystallography), and 5) life science II. Figure 1 shows the distribution by research field of the proposals accepted by the subcommittees in FY2011.

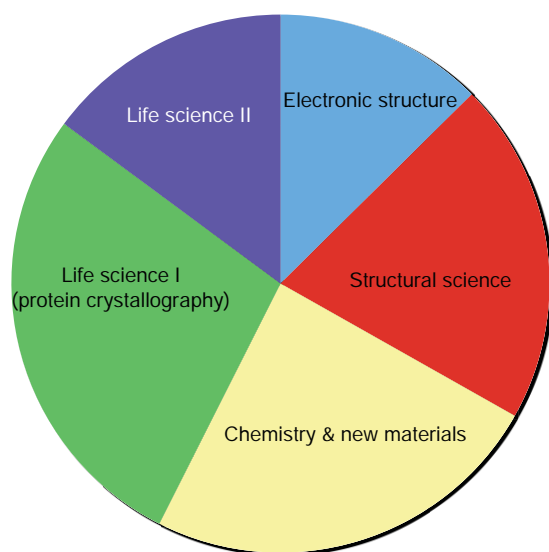


Figure 1
Distribution by scientific field of experimental proposals accepted in FY2011.

1-2 Industrial Proposals

The S, U, G, and P-type proposals are opened for nonproprietary industrial research by limited companies that can apply for the Grant-in-Aid for Scientific Research. Besides these, 29 proprietary industrial projects (Y-type) and 12 nonproprietary collaborative studies with private companies (C-type) were conducted.

Fourteen trial-use programs for industrial applica-

tions are carried out with the financial support of a MEXT project, the Open Advanced Research Facilities Initiative. Among these, 8 are newly approved, 5 are continued from FY2010 and one is an XAFS training course. About half of the companies are continuing Y or C-type projects after the end of the trial-use program.

1-3 Statistics of the Proposals

The number of users, for all types of proposals, has reached 3,266. Although the number of experimental stations has decreased, the approved academic proposals and number of users have increased annually, as shown in Fig. 2. This indicates a high and increasing demand for synchrotron radiation and can be attributed to continuous improvements in the storage rings, beamlines, and end stations. The synchrotron has become one of the most important research tools to carry out advanced science experiments and developments. About 19% of the proposals are conducted by new spokespersons, which indicates that the Photon Factory is open to public academic scientists. Figure 3 shows the demographics and distribution of users by institution and position. Around three-fourths of the users belong to universities, with approximately 60% of the users associated with national universities. Sixty percent of the university users are graduate and undergraduate students; this indicates that the Photon Factory plays an important role in both research and education in universities. The geographical distribution of the Photon Factory users is shown in Fig. 4 and Fig. 5. Approximately 60% of the users come from the eastern part of Japan. Nevertheless, there are users from all over Japan, which also indicates the immense contribution of the Photon Factory to research and education in Japan. The registered number of papers published in 2011 based on experiments at the PF was 599 at the time of this writing and is expected to exceed 650. In addition, 36 doctoral and 99 master theses have been presented thus far, which indicates the significant role of the Photon Factory in graduate-level university education.

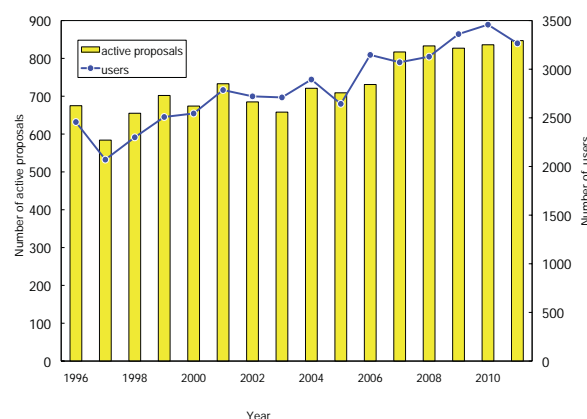


Figure 2
Number of registered PF users and scientific proposals over the period 1996-2011.

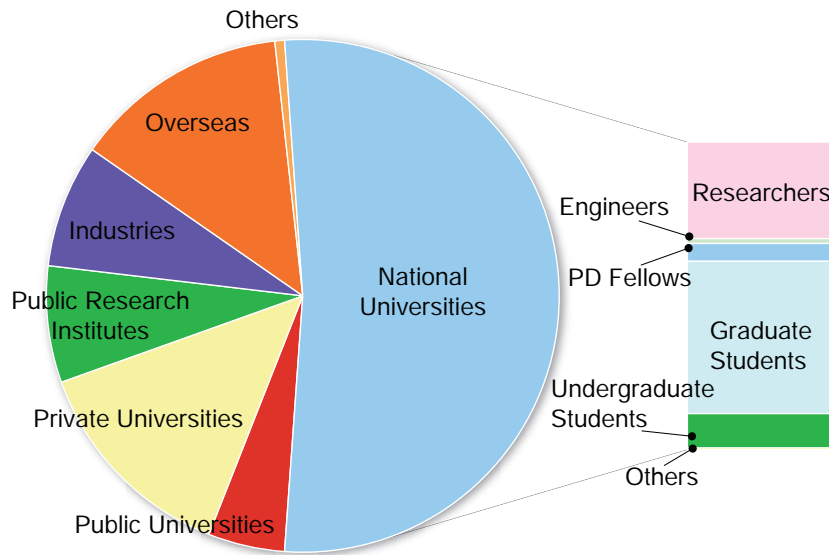


Figure 3
Distribution of users in terms of institution and position.

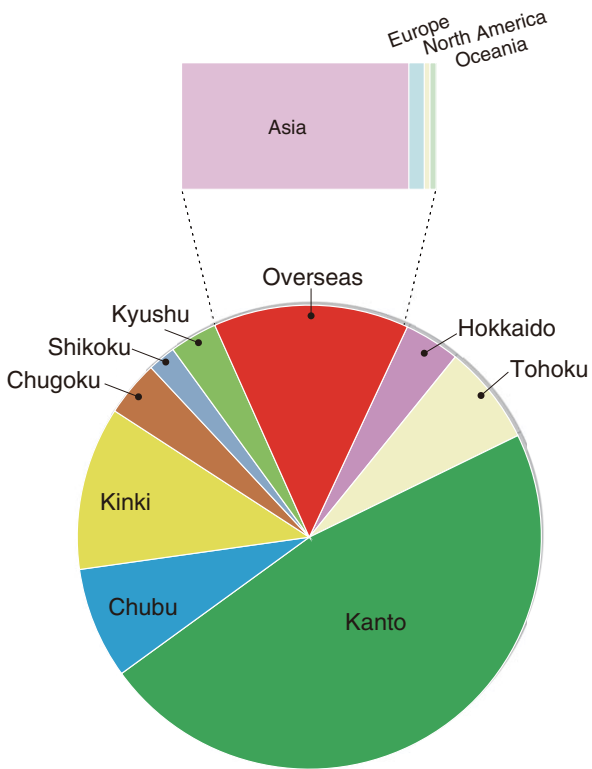


Figure 4
Regional distribution of the spokespersons of proposals accepted in FY2011.

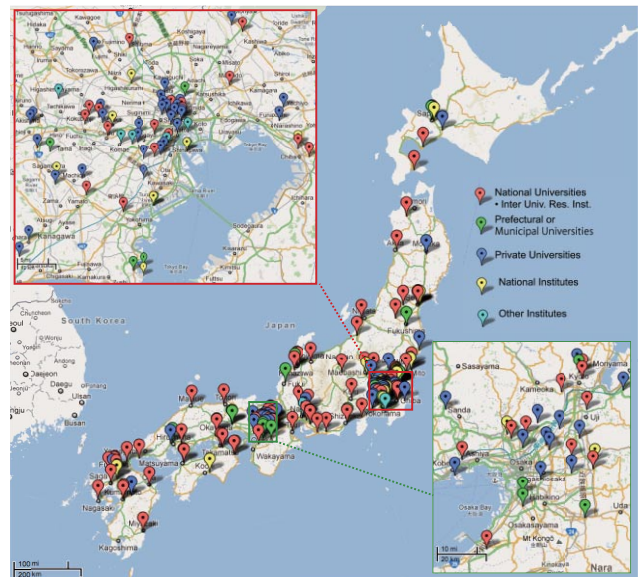


Figure 5
Affiliation of Photon Factory users in FY 2011 (domestic users only).